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Meeting of Active Fishery Workers in Eastern Coastal Area Held under the Guidance of the Great Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG

A meeting of active fishery workers in the eastern coastal area was held in Hamhung for two days between November 14 and 15.

The great leader of our Party and our people Comrade Kim Il Sung guided the meeting.

Before the meeting, the great leader made a long trip from Wonsan to Hongwon, Sinpo and Yanghwa, giving continued on-the-spot guidance though a cold wind was blowing and snow falling. He met fishermen and repeatedly conversed with fishery workers on boats and at wharves to acquaint himself thoroughly with the fishing conditions in the eastern coastal area and the development of fisheries as a whole. And he personally dispatched groups for studying the actual conditions of fishing industry to grasp and analyse in a concrete way the situation of ship building and repair and the fishing conditions.

The great leader made full preparations through his first-hand grasp and study of the actual conditions for several days and, on this basis, called a meeting of active fishery workers in the eastern coastal area.

The meeting was attended by a large number of Party and administrative functionaries and workers of fishery stations, fishermen's cooperatives and other fishery enterprises in the eastern coastal area and functionaries of industrial establishments related to fisheries.

Present at the meeting were Comrades Pak Sung Chul, Yon Hyong Muk, Hyon Mu Gwang and Kim Hwan and chairmen of the committees and ministers of the Administration Council, chief secretaries of the provincial Party committees and chairmen of the provincial administrative committees in the eastern coastal area and chief secretaries of city and county Party committees in the seaside area.

At 9 a.m. November 14, the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung appeared on the platform.

At that moment, the stormy cheers of "Long live the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!" rocked the meeting hall, which was pervaded with the infinite honour and happiness, surging emotion and excitement of the attendants meeting the great leader whom they always revered.

At the meeting Comrade Yon Hyong Muk and Comrade Kim Hwan made reports on the question of further consolidating the material and technical foundations of fisheries in the eastern coastal area and bringing about a new upsurge in fishing operations in the East Sea region.

Following the reports, many comrades took the floor.

The attendants of the meeting could not repress great emotion, feeling more deeply in their hearts the outstanding and wise leadership of the great leader, in the process of making arrangements for the meeting and in the whole course of the meeting.

During his on-the-spot guidance prior to the meeting and while guiding the meeting, the great leader, who always finds solutions to new and complicated problems in reliance upon the masses each time they arise, personally went to wharves and asked fishermen in detail about new questions arising in fishing in the recent period, discussed with experienced local functionaries present at the meeting, sparing no time, about the structure of ship and the conditions of fishing tackle and fishing method suited to our specific conditions and thus grasped new questions which even those who had been engaged in fishing for scores of years could not think of and clearly indicated the way to solve them.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung gives highly important teachings at the meeting of active fishery workers in the eastern coastal area

In the conversations and discussions the great leader asked questions down to immeasurably minute ones, such as fishing days, the number of netting, the method of netting and the fish catch per netting of a small boat, personally analysed the statistics and counted figures. Thus, he found the kind and type of ship, size of net and fishing method which are urgent questions under the present conditions and put forward new policies, finding and clarifying great and important points in the words of fishermen and functionaries who said this or that not in due order and in small and trifling matters they simply touched on.

At the meeting the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, basing himself on a scientific analysis of the actual conditions of the fishing industry of our country which has rapidly developed and the oceanic conditions which are now turning favourable, gave very important teachings which will serve as a guiding principle in the efforts to develop our fishing industry to a new, higher stage and thus more fully meet the growing demands of the people for fish.

The great leader said that the food problem has been completely solved thanks to the leaping growth of grain production in recent years in reliance upon the solid foundation of agricultural production and, at the same time, the problem of vegetables has been settled and edible oil can be more adequately produced and supplied through large-scale processing of maize at cornstarch factories. Noting that under such conditions, it is a matter of weighty importance in improving the dietary life of the people to catch and provide fish more sufficiently along with meat supply, he laid stress on the need to bring about a new turn in fishing operations by more thoroughly carrying into practice the Party's slogan which calls for making a good use of mountains in mountainous areas and turning the sea to good account in coastal areas.

The great leader said that in order to attain a higher goal in fishing in the future, it is necessary to catch fish all the year round without leaving the seas, catch them in deep seas and in adjacent waters, with large vessels and with small boats, catch this variety and catch that and in this way fish must be caught by various methods without letup. He stressed that as the Party indicated already, more than 300 days a year in fishing should be ensured without fail, coastal small-scale fishery together with fish catching in deep seas and in adjacent waters extensively developed and cultivation of shallow-sea products done well.

The great leader pointed, one by one, to the fighting tasks to conduct fishing activities in various ways in conformity with the fishing conditions of the seas of our country, not restricted by the seasons and oceanic and climatic conditions, and showed specific ways for their implementation.

At the meeting the great leader taught that to conduct brisk fishing activities without leaving the seas during the four seasons, it is important above all to make the most effective use of the solid production foundations of the fishing industry already laid and, particularly, put the existing ships into full capacity operation. The great leader taught that the system of ship repair should be thoroughly established and the production bases of fishing tackle and materials firmly built.

At the meeting the great leader said that it is necessary for bigger hauls of fish to make the most of the existing production capacity and carry out without fail the task of building 15,000-ton processing base-ships, over 3,750-ton large-size fishing boats and 400 hp and 200 hp ships for creating greater production capacity.

The great leader put forward at the meeting concrete tasks to ensure conditions for catching fish in a modernized and scientific way.

Noting that it is important to produce and supply a large quantity of processing facilities in strengthening the material and technical foundations of fisheries, the great leader taught at the meeting that more processing base-ships should be built and more cold-storage facilities installed.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung set forth at the meeting the concrete task for radically improving the guidance and management of fishery industry.

The great leader stressed that in fisheries a powerful production guidance system should be established, operations worked out in a minute way, production organization and the command of the fishing battles swiftly conducted and detailed planning thoroughly realized on the principle of unified planning.

The great leader taught that modern science and experiences should be correctly combined and the work of guiding and managing the local fisheries improved and strengthened.

At the meeting the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung said that one of the most important questions in developing fisheries is to do well the work of training cadres and scientific research in this field. He indicated one by one the concrete tasks for this purpose and ways for their fulfilment.

The great leader taught that scientific research should be further strengthened and the ranks of scientific workers firmly built up to make a comprehensive and deep research into the specific oceanic conditions, climatic conditions and migration of fishes in the East and West Seas and into the scientific and technical equipment, fishing tackle and fishing methods suited to them.

The great leader said that in order to develop fisheries the quality of education should be raised at the fisheries colleges to train a large number of competent workers equipped with modern science and technology.

The great leader said that more Party and state attention should be directed to scientific research and the training of cadres in the field of fisheries and that guidance and inspection should be strengthened to thoroughly establish Juche in scientific research and education in this field.

At the meeting the great leader taught that it is also necessary to strengthen the Party guidance of this field in order to develop fisheries to a new, higher plane.

The teachings given by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung at the recent meeting of active fishery workers in the eastern coastal area are a highly important guiding principle in further consolidating the material and technical foundations to develop fisheries more rapidly in keeping with the fishing conditions of our country and putting fishing operations on a modern and scientific basis to place our fishing industry on a new, higher orbit and bringing about an epochal change in fish catching; his teachings powerfully encourage to a new victory the entire Party members and working people who are vigorously waging the drive for the grand socialist construction under the banner of the three revolutions, ideological, technical and cultural.

The Great Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG Guides on the Spot Work in Various Domains of the National Economy in Kangwon Province

The great leader of our Party and our people Comrade Kim Il Sung guided on the spot work in various domains of the national economy in Kangwon Province for 13 days from October 25 to November 6.

During his on-the-spot guidance the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung visited the Chonsam Cooperative Farm in Anbyon county, the Samhwa Cooperative Farm in Munchon county, the Wonsan Fishery Station, the Wonsan Ship Repair Factory, the Wonsan Cornstarch Factory and other cooperative farms, industrial establishments and major urban construction projects in the province. Then he held consultative meetings of fishery workers, cornstarch factory workers, agricultural and fishery workers, Party workers and other meetings on several occasions in the province and clearly indicated the road to be followed by the province.

The entire Party members and working people in Kangwon Province who were vigorously striving to brilliantly carry through the grand five-point policy of nature remaking and successfully wind up this year's farming, upholding the exceptionally important teachings given by the great leader at the 12th Plenary Meeting of the Fifth Central Committee of the Party, were overflowing with the boundless emotion and joy of meeting again the respected and beloved leader whom they always revered deep in their hearts and receiving his teachings.

The great leader, always mindful of how to develop the economy and raise the people's living standards in Kangwon Province in unfavourable conditions along the Military Demarcation Line and the coast, made 24 visits to the province after liberation to give on-the-spot guidance to the Party, administrative, economic and cultural work and showed immeasurably deep solicitude for the betterment of the living standards of the peopie.

The great leader who found time to visit this province again personally met cooperative farmers, fishermen and machine operators who were striving to carry out the revolutionary tasks assigned them by the Party, at the thrashing grounds and fields of cooperative farms where farmers were hastening thrashing with the joy of bumper harvest, on a windy wharf and before machines of a new foodstuff factory which just started production, while continuing his on-the-spot guidance, even denying himself rest, to various units of the national economy in the province. He acquainted himself down to details with their work and life, called workers, farmers and leading workers to discuss with them the concrete ways of improving the work of different branches in the province, missing even meals and taking not rest.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung gained full knowledge of the overall work of the province through the on-the-spot guidance to many cooperative farms, industrial establishments and consultative meetings of different domains held on several occasions, put forward the militant tasks to develop agriculture, fisheries and foodstuff processing industry, radically improve the living standards of the people and bring about a new revolutionary upswing in all domains of the national economy and clearly set out before the people ways and means of their solution and showed deep care and solicitude for the people of the province.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung gives on-the-spot guidance to the Wonsan Ship Repair Factory

The great leader, paying deep attention above all to agricultural production, gave concrete guidance to this.

He fully acquainted himself with the result of agricultural production this year through on-the-spot guidance to different cooperative farms.

When he was at the Chonsam Cooperative Farm in Anbyon county, he, feasting his eyes with deep emotion on the village whose face was changed beyond recognition, felt in person well-ripen persimmon in the yard. He sat with members of the Chonsam Cooperative Farm and members of the Yonho Cooperative Farm in Kosan county who came to inform him of this year's success in agricultural production and conversed with them about this year's farming.

The great leader asked in detail when and how they applied fertilizers in different fields, how much fertilizers they applied to rice and maize, how the subsequent growth of crops was and how much they harvested, how many years old a persimmon tree which yielded the richest fruit was and how many the number of persimmons was, how many persimmon trees they planted and what fertilizers they applied to them.

On the Samhwa Cooperative Farm in Munchon county, the great leader dropped first in the thrashing ground. Personally taking maize and rice ears in his hand, he counted the number of grains and measured their weight, the length and thickness of the maize stalk and discussed with farmers the ways of doing farming on a scientific and technical basis to increase grain output.

He also went to the fields of the Kwanpung Cooperative Farm, saw small tractors, produced by the "Chungsong" Tractor Plant, ploughing paddy and non-paddy fields and transporting. He walked 6 kilometres close with a tractor to see its mobility and speed. He praised, saying that the tractor was well manufactured, and instructed that the tractors of this kind should be extensively used in ploughing paddy and non-paddy fields and in hauling operations.

After inspecting cooperative farms the great leader held a consultative meeting of agricultural workers and imparted to them the concrete ways to radically increase agricultural production.

At the consultative meeting the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung said that the agricultural working people in Kangwon Province made a great contribution to the development of the country's agricultural production by reaping a record harvest since the founding of our Republic with a per-*chongbo* increase of 710 kilograms in rice and more than 1.2 tons in maize on an average above last year's, successfully overcoming the unfavourable natural and weather conditions this year and expressed thanks for this to the Party organizations, rural economy workers, cooperative farmers and entire working people, soldiers of the People's Army and students in the province who sincerely helped in this year's farming.

At the consultative meeting he said that the influence of the cold front was now sweeping the whole world and many countries were experiencing a shortage of food and stressed that the Party organizations, agricultural working people and the entire people in Kangwon Province must continue to direct great efforts to agricultural production and attain the production target of the province without fail to carry out the goal of 10 million tons of grain, not resting content with the already-made successes as the unfavourable weather and climatic conditions persist.

The great leader noted that what is most important in bringing about a new greater upswing in agricultural production was to thoroughly implement our Party's policy in regard to agriculture.

He stressed that Kangwon Province which was affected more seriously than any other areas by the cold front must strive more energetically to apply the Juche-based farming method in accordance with the Party's policy.

Indicating ways and means of increasing grain output, he gave practical instructions on producing a large amount of humus soil, establishing a scientifically-substantiated system of fertilizer application, nursing stout rice seedlings in rice cultivation, doing maize farming on a scientific and technical basis, ensuring the correct number of rice and maize seedlings, thoroughly observing the principle of right crop on the right soil in the distribution of crops, pushing forward land improvement projects and accelerating comprehensive mechanization of agriculture.

At the consultative meeting he put special emphasis on giving scientific guidance to agricultural production by leading workers in the field of agriculture.

Saying that ours was an era of science and an era of "green revolution", the great leader urged that the provincial rural economy committee and the city and county cooperative farm management committees must improve scientific and technical guidance to agricultural production to bring about revolutions in technology and science and fully introduce the Juche-based farming method.

He said that one of the important problems in farming was to cultivate much vegetables and supply them to the people and indicated concrete ways for this at the consultative meeting.

He proposed that many fruit trees should be planted and forests of oil bearing trees and forests of economic value created through an extensive mass movement.

The great leader stressed at the meeting that the entire Party members and working people in Kangwon Province, upholding the decision of the 12th Plenary Meeting of the Fifth Central Committee of the Party, should thoroughly implement the five-point policy of nature remaking, wind up this year's farming quickly and properly, make effective preparations for farming next year to attain the target of grain production for next year without fail and, further, achieve a shining victory in the worthwhile struggle to reach ahead of schedule the goal of 10 million tons of grain.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung then gave minute guidance to the work of fisheries in the province.

He visited the wharf of the Wonsan Fishery Station where workers were in the thick of unloading fish from the fishing boats overflowing with fish, cordially grasped the hands stained with fish scales of fishermen who just alighted from the boats, affectionately patted them on their back and, saying that it would be very hard to catch fish, gave a word of warm encouragement to them who were shedding warm tears of joy of meeting him.

The great leader chatted in an open-hearted way with fishermen, asking them how many years they were engaged in fishing, what kind of fishes, how much and where they hauled, how big the boat was and how many fishermen were aboard, what was the width and length of the nets and how much fish they hauled per netting, and heard their opinion with deep attention and solved all pending problems.

While giving guidance to the Wonsan Ship Repair Factory, he discussed with workers how to shorten the period of ship repair so as to increase the fishing days of boats and supply more fish to the people, and accorded deep solicitude to them.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung let fishermen attend, together with leading personnel, a consultative meeting of fishery workers in the province, acquainted himself more fully with fishing conditions and set them the concrete tasks of bringing about a new turn in the development of fisheries.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung gave minute guidance to the work of the foodstuff processing industry and urban construction, taking a close interest in the living standards of the people in the province.

He went to the newly built Wonsan Cornstarch Factory, examined the operation of equipment and its production capacity, held a consultative meeting of cornstarch factory workers and advanced the tasks to put production on a normal basis as soon as possible.

He explained that it was important to solve more fully the question of cooking oil in the people's living and proposed that the factory must be consolidated and production processes replenished and perfected to increase production of cooking oil and various kinds of foodstuffs.

While discussing with the Party and administrative officials of the province about the people's living, the great leader acquainted himself with the question of dwellings of the rural population and the production of consumer goods and set forth concrete tasks.

To build Wonsan into a beautiful city better to live in, the great leader personally went to the Haean street and discussed with functionaries where highways should be built and where major buildings constructed and inspected the inside of new buildings, indicating the concrete direction of the construction of Wonsan.

He said that modern buildings must be constructed on an extensive scale and the Wonsan Children's Palace built at the best place, saying that no funds should be grudged for children.

The great leader saw a new park built in an oriental style to suit the taste of our people at the Songdowon recreation ground and pointed to the direction of building Songdowon into a better place of culture and rest to conform with the emotion and sentiments of our people.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung stressed at consultative meetings and conversations with Party workers in Kangwon Province on several occasions that in order to successfully carry out the vast tasks confronting the province Party organizations must be strengthened and Party work improved, and set out before them the tasks for this.

The highly important instructions given by the great leader of our Party and our people Comrade Kim Il Sung during his on-the-spot guidance to Kangwon Province are a guiding principle to be firmly adhered to in developing agriculture, fisheries and foodstuff processing industry to radically improve the living standards of people and accelerate the socialist construction as a whole and will powerfully inspire our Party members and people who are all out in the struggle to carry through the decision of the 12th Plenary Meeting of the Fifth Central Committee of the Party and in the Three-Revolution Red Flag Movement.

TELEGRAMS

✦ The great leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, sent a message of greetings to **Houari Boumedienne**, President of the Council of Revolution and Chairman of the Council of Ministers of the Algerian Democratic and People's Republic, on the occasion of the 22nd anniversary of the start of the revolution in Algeria.

✦ The great leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, General Secretary of the CC of the WPK and President of the DPRK, and Comrade **Pak Sung Chul**, Premier of the DPRK Administration Council, sent a message of greetings to **Leonid Ilyich Brezhnev**, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union, **Nikolai Victorovich Podgorny**, President of the Presidium of the Supreme Soviet of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, and **Aleksei Nikolaevich Kosygin**, Chairman of the Council of Ministers of the USSR, on the occasion of the 59th anniversary of the October Socialist Revolution.

✦ The great leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, General Secretary of the CC of the WPK and President of the DPRK, sent messages of thanks to Party and state leaders of foreign countries in reply to their messages of condolence upon the passing away of Comrade Choi Yong Kun, Member of the CC of the WPK, Member of the Political Committee of the CC of the WPK, Member of the Central People's Committee and Vice-President of the DPRK.

The replies were sent to:

Hua Kuo-feng, Chairman of the CC of the Communist Party of China and Premier of the State Council of the People's Republic of China; **Nicolae Ceausescu**, General Secretary of the Romanian Communist Party and President of the Romanian Socialist Republic; **Todor Zhivkov**, First Secretary of the CC of the Bulgarian Communist Party and President of the State Council of the Bulgarian People's Republic; **Erich Honecker**, General Secretary of the CC of the German Socialist Unity Party; **Osvaldo Dorticos Torrado**, President of the Republic of Cuba; **Haxhi Lleshi**, Chairman of the Presidium of the People's Assembly of the Albanian People's Republic; **Pal Losonczi**, President of the Presidium of the Hungarian People's Republic; **Houari Boumedienne**, President of the Council of Revolution and Chairman of the Council of Ministers of the Algerian Democratic and People's Republic; **Hafez Al Assad**, General Secretary of the Arab Socialist Baath Party and President of the Syrian Arab Republic; **Didier Ratsiraka**, President of the Democratic Republic of Madagascar; **Gnassingbe Eyadema**, President of the Republic of Togo; **Dominic Mintoff**, Prime Minister of the Republic of Malta; **Mohamed Siad Barre**, General Secretary of the CC of the Somali Socialist Revolutionary Party and President of the Somali Democratic Republic; **Souphanouvong**, President of the Lao People's Democratic Republic; **Mathieu Kerekou**, President of the People's Republic of Benin; **Moussa Traore**, Chairman of the Military Committee of National Liberation, Head of State and Premier of the Government of Mali; **Marien Ngouabi**, Chairman of the CC of the Congolese Party of Labour and President of the People's Republic of the Congo; **Samora Moises Machel**, President of the Liberation Front of Mozambique and President of the People's Republic of Mozambique; **Kenneth David Kaunda**, President of the Republic of Zambia; **Salem Rubaya Ali**, Chairman of the Presidential Council of the People's Democratic Republic of Yemen; **Ahmed Hassan al-Bakr**, President of the Republic of Iraq; **Julius K. Nyerere**, President of the United Republic of Tanzania; **Gaafar Mohamed Nimeri**, President of the Democratic Republic of the Sudan; **Siaka Probyn Stevens**, President of the Republic of Sierra Leone; **U Ne Win**, President of the Socialist Republic of the Union of Burma; **Ahmed Sekou Toure**, President of the Republic of Guinea; **Habib Bourguiba**, President of the Republic of Tunisia; **Habyarimana Juvenal**, President of the Republic of Rwanda and Founder-Chairman of the National Revolutionary Movement for Development; **Suharto**, President of the Republic of Indonesia; **Mohammed Daud**, Head of State of the Republic of Afghanistan; **Tuanku Yahya Petra Ibni Al Marhum Sultan Ibrahim**, King of Malaysia; **Rudolf Kirchschlager**, President of the Republic of Austria; and **George Habache**, General Secretary of the Popular Front for Liberation of Palestine.

✦ The great leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, General Secretary of the CC of the WPK and President of the DPRK, and Comrade **Pak Sung Chul**, Premier of the DPRK Administration Council, sent messages to **Ton Duc Thang**, President of the Socialist Republic of Viet Nam, **Le Duan**, First Secretary of the CC of the Viet Nam Workers' Party, **Truong Chinh**, Chairman of the Standing Committee of the National Assembly of the SRVN, and **Pham Van Dong**, Premier of the Government of the SRVN; **Khieu Samphan**, President of the Presidium of the State of Democratic Cambodia, and **Pol Pot**, Prime Minister of the Government of Democratic Cambodia, in reply to their messages of condolence upon the passing away of Comrade Choi Yong Kun, Member of the CC of the WPK, Member of the Political Committee of the CC of the WPK, Member of the Central People's Committee and Vice-President of the DPRK.

✦ The great leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, General Secretary of the CC of the WPK and President of the DPRK, received a message from Comrade **Todor Zhivkov**, First Secretary of the CC of the Bulgarian Communist Party and President of the State Council of the Bulgarian People's Republic, in reply to his message of greetings on the latter's 65th birthday.

✦ The great leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, President of the DPRK, received a message from **Mohammed Reza Pahlavi**, Shahanshah of Iran, in reply to his message of greetings sent on the latter's birthday and the national day of Iran.

Asian Peace Conference Held in Mongolia

Resolution on Korean Question Adopted

An Asian Peace Conference was held in Ulan Bator, the capital of Mongolia, between October 16 and 18, according to a report.

The conference was attended by the delegation of the Korean National Peace Committee, delegations of national peace committees and peace movements of over 20 Asian countries and the delegation of the World Council of Peace.

Present at the opening session of the conference were Z. Batmunkh, Chairman of the Council of Ministers, and other Party and state leaders of Mongolia.

The conference discussed the tasks of the Asian peaceloving and progressive forces in the struggle for a durable peace and the security of the people.

N. Sodnom, Chairman of the Mongolian Peace Committee, made a report at the conference.

The reporter noted that struggle for Asian peace was a pressing question.

Referring to the Korean question, the reporter said:

The continuation of the artificial split of Korea is a wanton violation of the legitimate right of the Korean people to achieve the peaceful reunification of their country and a grave threat to the peace and security of Asia.

The Korean people must be let to achieve the peaceful reunification of the country on a democratic basis without any outside interference after making all the US troops withdraw from south Korea and to shape their destinies by themselves.

The head of the Korean National Peace Committee delegation made a speech at the conference.

In their speeches the delegates of Mongolia, Laos and other countries expressed firm solidarity with the Korean people in the just struggle for the reunification of the country, demanded the withdrawal of the US imperialist aggression troops from south Korea and the implementation of the resolution of the 30th session of the United Nations General Assembly on the Korean question.

The conference unanimously adopted amid an enthusiastic applause of the attendants a resolution on the Korean question "Extending Solidarity with the Korean People in Their Struggle for Achieving the Peaceful Reunification of Their Country".

The resolution said that the Asian Peace Conference expresses very great apprehension as to the dangerous aggressive provocative acts the US imperialists and their troops present in south Korea are committing against the Korean people.

Korea remains divided for over 30 years due to the manoeuvres of the US imperialists.

To reunify Korea peacefully is one of the most important questions not only in Asia but also in the world.

It is the way of preserving the peace in Korea to make the US troops occupying the southern half of Korea withdraw at an early date.

The Asian Peace Conference calls upon the peaceloving people in Asia and the rest of the world to take decisive steps to remove the danger of a new war in Korea and make all the foreign troops occupying south Korea withdraw from there at an early date.

The Asian Peace Conference opposes and denounces the US troops' occupation of south Korea because it is the main obstacle to the reunification of Korea and the root cause of all the misfortunes and sufferings of the Korean people.

The conference demands that the US imperialists stop new war provocation manoeuvres and take out of south Korea nuclear weapons and other military equipment.

The Asian Peace Conference holds that Korea must be reunified in accordance with the three principles and five-point policy advanced by President Kim Il Sung.

The conference calls for expressing firm solidarity with the struggle of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Korean people, making greater advance in supporting the struggle of the Korean people for achieving the peaceful reunification of their country and advancing constructive proposals for this.

The conference adopted a declaration.

(KCNA)

Symposium on Korean Question Held in New York

A symposium on the Korean question on the subject "the struggle for democracy in south Korea and the struggle against US interference" was held in New York on October 29, according to a report.

It was co-sponsored by more than 10 organizations for solidarity with the Korean people and anti-war organizations including the Committee for Solidarity with the Korean People, the "US-Out-of-Korea Committee" of the youth against war and fascism, the Guardian Committee for Supporting Korea's Reunification.

Attending the symposium held in a big hall were members of the organizations for solidarity with the Korean people, anti-war organizations and Koreans living in the United States.

Woman peace champion Deirdre Griswald, Editor-in-Chief of the US paper "The Workers World," made an opening address at the symposium.

She denounced the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique for intensifying fascist suppression not only against the south Korean people but also against the Koreans in the United States and offering bribes to US Congressmen and high-ranking officials of the US Administration for winning their favour. It is of very great significance to hold the symposium at this juncture, she said.

She continued:

The Pak Jung Hi puppet clique suppress the south Korean people demanding freedom and democracy. They imprisoned Kim Dae Jung after abducting him in broad daylight from other country. Some time ago, when the world attention was focused on the Panmunjom incident, Pak Jung Hi the dictator inflicted heavy penalties upon politicians and churchmen who had demanded the democratization of south Korean society. In order to maintain this dictatorial "regime," the US Administration keeps more than 40,000 troops in south Korea. The "Gulf" petroleum company and other US multinational corporations supply a large amount of political fund to Pak Jung Hi.

It is not to "defend freedom and democracy" but to suppress the national liberation struggle of the peoples that the US Administration keeps a large number of troops in south Korea and many countries of the world.

The United States supplies the reactionary rulers of these countries with sophisticated weapons and many kinds of torture devices and trains the police to suppress the people.

The American people express firm solidarity with the Korean people in their struggle to put an end to the interference of outside forces and achieve the reunification of the country. Let the American people wage a more staunch struggle to express solidarity with the Korean people in their struggle.

The United States must pull out of south Korea with nuclear arms and all other weapons. The Korean people must be let to shape their destiny by themselves.

The opening address was followed by speeches.

In his speech Bob Cambria, General Secretary of the Committee for Solidarity with the Korean People, denounced the US imperialists for desperately trying to unleash a new war of aggression in Korea and exposed the aggressive nature of the Panmunjom incident provoked by the US imperialists.

He said that the US imperialists are trying to keep hold on south Korea as a stronghold for saving their colonial ruling system going to total ruin and collapse in Asia and they regard south Korea as their "forward defence zone".

He said:

We must demand the withdrawal of the US troops and nuclear weapons from south Korea and fight for this.

The American people must demand the replacement of the Korean Armistice Agreement with a peace agreement.

And we must make the United States dissolve the "UN Command" and withdraw its troops from south Korea according to the resolution of the UN General Assembly.

We must also put pressure upon Congress to stop all "aid" to dictator Pak Jung Hi. We must resolutely support the struggle of the south Korean people for democratic rights.

We should respect the desire of the Korean people to shape their destiny by themselves.

We will mobilize broader sections of the popular masses to unfold struggle of different forms such as demonstration, signature campaign and lecture.

And we should expose the plots of the Pak "regime" which are not subject to any sanction in the United States and expose the US government's permission of the activities of the south Korean "Central Intelligence Agency" and other repressive organs in the United States.

We will energetically push ahead with the nationwide signature campaign started recently for demanding a stop to "aid" to the Pak "regime" and the withdrawal of the US troops from south Korea.

American Roman Catholic priest Sinnott who had been expelled from south Korea by the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique exposed in his speech that the Pak Jung Hi fascist gang arrested and detained democratic figures under the cloak of "anti-communism" and imposed ruthless penalties upon them on preposterous charges. He brought to light the truth of how the so-called "case of the People's Revolutionary Party" had been rigged up, as he had witnessed and felt.

He also exposed the despicable payoff scandal of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique.

The floor was also taken at the symposium by Rim Chang Yong, former south Korean puppet observer at the UN and chairman of the "association of south Koreans in the United States for democracy" and by Ku Caun Hui, former managing director of the "south Korean Christian women's council" who emigrated to the United States in protest against the tyranny of the Pak Jung Hi fascist bandits.

They exposed that the Pak Jung Hi fascist bandits fabricated the "case of the National Federation of Youth and Students for Democracy," "case of the People's Revolutionary Party" and many other "cases" to suppress the patriotic people of south Korea.

Noting that the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique were becoming ever more tyrannic, brutal and corrupt, they said with emphasis that it was high time an end was put to the Pak Jung Hi dictatorial "regime".

They declared in unison:

Today the resentment of the people is daily growing in south Korea.

The moment of explosion is sure to come. Where there is injustice, there always comes resistance. The United States is keeping its large forces in south Korea and pouring there a colossal amount of money to prop up such dictatorial "regime".

Even if the US troops were withdrawn from south Korea, a war would never break out in Korea. Korean people in the north and south should fight to achieve reunification, transcending differences in ideology and system.

At the symposium a professor at the Brooklyn College in New York recited a poem denouncing US imperialism for its manoeuvres to start a new war in Korea.

Before the symposium began, the sponsor organizations distributed a manifesto.

(KCNA)

Korea-Bangladesh Association of Friendship and Culture Inaugurated

An inaugural meeting for the Korea-Bangladesh Association of Friendship and Culture was held at the Chollima House of Culture.

The meeting elected chairman, vice-chairmen, secretary and members of the Korea-Bangladesh Association of Friendship and Culture.

Kim I Hun, Chairman of the Central Committee of the Union of Agricultural Working People, was elected chairman of the association.

The meeting adopted the statute of the association.

A letter to Abu Sadat Mohammad Sayem, President of the People's Republic of Bangladesh, was adopted at the meeting.

(KCNA)

Branch of Syrian Arab-Korea Friendship Association Inaugurated

An inaugural meeting of the Darah Provincial Branch of the Syrian Arab-Korea Friendship Association was held on October 24 in Darah Province, Syria, according to a report from Damascus.

Placed with due respect on the platform of the meeting hall were a portrait of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and a portrait of President Hafez Al Assad.

A letter to the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung was adopted with unanimous approval amid thunderous applause of the attendants of the meeting.

Speaking at the meeting, Ahmad Alhadju Ali, Member of the Leadership of the Darah Provincial Committee of the Arab Socialist Baath Party, Minister of Labour of Syria and Chairman of the Darah Provincial Branch of the Syrian Arab-Korea Friendship Association, said that the formation of the Darah Provincial Branch in line with the decision of the Syrian Arab-Korea Friendship Association was a clear manifestation of the good relations of friendship between the peoples of Syria and Korea.

He noted: "We extend our gratitude to the great leader President Kim Il Sung for his firm support and encouragement rendered to the Syrian people in their struggle against imperialism and Zionism".

He stressed that the reunification of Korea should be realized independently and peacefully without any outside interference in accordance with the five-point policy for national reunification advanced by the great leader.

(KCNA)

IUS Executive Committee Meeting Demands US Take Out of South Korea Its Troops and Nuclear Weapons

A meeting of the Executive Committee of the International Union of Students was held in the capital of Ghana from November 8 to 10, according to a report.

It was attended by 40 delegations of member organizations of the Executive Committee including a delegation of the Korean Students Committee and a large number of observers and guests.

The reporter and many speakers at the meeting expressed firm solidarity with the Korean people and students in their struggle for forcing the US troops to withdraw from south Korea and achieving the peaceful reunification of the country.

The meeting adopted a statement on Korea, which said:

The danger of a new war is growing further in Korea these days due to the US imperialists' new war provocation manoeuvres.

In order to preserve peace in Korea, Asia and the world, Korea must be reunified independently and peacefully in accordance with the three principles and five-point policy of national reunification advanced by the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

The US imperialists' new war provocation manoeuvres in Korea are a challenge not only to the Korean people but also to the world people and students who love peace and justice.

The Ghana meeting of the Executive Committee of the IUS strongly demands that the United States accept the proposal of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea for replacing the Korean Armistice Agreement with a peace agreement and withdraw the US troops, nuclear weapons and other combat equipment from south Korea to create favourable conditions for Korea's reunification.

It also expresses firm solidarity with the south Korean people and students in their patriotic struggle for the democratization of south Korean society and the reunification of the country, sternly protests against and denounces the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique's fascist suppression of the people and strongly demands the immediate release of the imprisoned patriotic students and democratic figures.

Stressing that it is an international duty of the world progressive students to strengthen solidarity with the Korean people and students in their struggle for the reunification of Korea, the IUS Secretariat calls upon the world progressive students and their organizations to take various solidarity measures in the June 25-July 27 Month for International Solidarity with the Korean People and Students and on other occasions.

(KCNA)

Korean Girl Pak Yong Sun Comes First

At 22nd Yugoslav International Table Tennis Championships

According to a report, People's Athlete Pak Yong Sun of our country came first in girls' singles of the 22nd Yugoslav International Table Tennis Championships held recently in Novi Sad, Yugoslavia.

Pak defeated all her opponents through her proficient skills.

She contended with Romanian, French, Hungarian and Chinese girls. In final event she beat renowned Chinese player Ke Hsin-ai 3:0 and emerged the honourable winner.

Chinese girl Ke Hsin-ai was placed second and the third place was also taken by Chinese players Chang Te-ying and Chu Hsiang-yun.

The recent Championships was attended by noted players from 17 countries and regions.

The Juche Idea Is the Great Idea Showing the Fundamental Stand and Methods to Be Maintained by the Working Masses in the Revolution and Construction

The great revolutionary leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has taught:

"The Juche idea clearly shows the fundamental stand and methods that have to be maintained by the working masses in the revolution and construction. It demands that the working masses have the attitude of a master and keep to independent and creative stands in the revolutionary struggle and construction work. The independent stand is the fundamental stand that the working masses must always keep to in the revolution and construction, and the creative stand is the fundamental method that they must employ in the struggle to transform nature and society." ("On the Occasion of the 30th Anniversary of the Foundation of the Workers' Party of Korea", Eng. ed., pp. 8-9.)

As taught by the great leader the Juche idea indicates the fundamental stand and methods to be maintained by the working masses in the revolutionary struggle and construction work.

These fundamental stand and methods are one of the essential problems affecting the victory of the revolutionary struggle.

Without adopting a correct stand and methods the working masses who plunge into the struggle cannot properly put into practice the revolutionary theories, and strategy and tactics and the revolution and construction may eventually be brought to naught.

The great leader's creation of Juche philosophy that man is the master of everything and decides everything and his exposition of the fundamental stand and methods that have to be maintained by the working people in the revolution and construction offer the most scientific key to the successful carrying out of the revolution and construction.

As mentioned by the great leader, the independent stand is the fundamental stand that the working masses must keep to in the revolution and construction, and the creative stand is the fundamental method that they must employ in the revolutionary struggle to transform nature and society.

The independent stand means that the working masses should solve all the problems arising in the revolution and construction by using their own brains and relying on their own strength, displaying the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance and on their own responsibility. In other words, it is the stand that the working masses should defend their right of the master and discharge their responsibility as the master in the revolution and construction.

Revolution and construction are for the people and by the people. The working masses are the independent beings who have the right of and assume responsibility for solving all the matters by their own efforts as the master of the revolution and construction.

Accordingly, the revolution and construction in each country can be successfully carried out only when the masses of the people take the stand of assuming full responsibility for the revolution and construction of their country, conscious of their being the masters.

If the working masses want to play their role as a master to the full, they should maintain independence in ideology.

Man's activity is determined by his consciousness. Only when the people maintain independence in ideological and mental activities, can they become independent beings and defend their right of the master.

The independent stand enables the working masses not only to defend thoroughly their right as the master in the revolution and construction by adhering to independence in ideological and mental activities but also to creditably carry out the revolutionary struggle and construction work by believing in their own strength and solving all the problems through their own efforts and fighting for the revolution of their country without yielding to any difficulties.

The reason why the independent stand becomes the fundamental stand that has to be maintained by the working masses in the revolution and construction is explained by the fact that this stand correctly reflects the historical reality where the revolution and construction are going on with each nation as a unit.

Revolution cannot be exported nor imported. It breaks out by the internal contradictions in each country.

So, the people of each country play a decisive role in the revolution and construction of their country and no outside force can replace their role.

This requires that the working masses should maintain the independent stand, judge all the problems with their own brains and solve them in accordance with their own conviction and judgement, and carry out the revolution and construction relying on their internal forces.

The creative stand means that the working masses should solve all problems arising in the revolution and construction by fully displaying their inexhaustible creative strength and wisdom and tackle all these problems in conformity with their actual conditions.

We may say that the independent stand is concerned with defending the working people's rights of the master in the revolution and construction and discharging the responsibility as such, whereas the creative stand concerns the development of the role of the people, the masters.

The working masses are the motive force of the revolution and construction and the creative beings who transform nature and society. They have the ability to transform nature and society. Hence, the struggle to remake nature and reconstruct society can be successful only when the working masses are mobilized and their role is increased.

It follows from this that the creative stand presupposes believing in the strength of the working masses and enhancing their revolutionary zeal and creative activity.

The strength of the working masses is the basic factor in solving all problems. The revolutionary consciousness is the main element that enables the working masses to be the most powerful being in the world and to be a force that can energetically push ahead with the revolution and construction. Therefore, the revolutionary enthusiasm of the working masses and their creative activity are the decisive guarantee that they can successfully carry out the revolutionary struggle and the work of construction.

The creative stand inspires the working people to play their maximum role as the master by bringing into full play their revolutionary zeal and creative activity and thoroughly relying on them. And it gives full play to the creative power of the working masses by encouraging them to oppose dogmatism that paralyses their initiative and solve everything in conformity with the true realities of their country.

The reason why the creative stand becomes the fundamental method that the working masses must apply in transforming nature and society is explained by the fact that this stand reflects the objective requirements of the development of the revolution in which the struggle to transform nature and society is going on in the different situation in each country.

All things and phenomena of nature and society, the objects of recognition and transformation, undergo constant change and are in constant movement in response to the law governing the development of the objective world.

What should be mentioned here is that the struggle of the working masses to transform nature and society is going on in each country with different historical conditions and national peculiarities. Therefore, all the problems arising in the revolutionary struggle and the work of construction for remaking nature and reconstructing society should be solved in conformity with the actual conditions of each country.

The creative stand precisely reflects this objective reality and makes it possible to successfully reform nature and reconstruct society by creatively applying the preceding theories of the working class and the experience of other country in keeping with the historical conditions and national peculiarities of one's country.

As you see, the independent and creative stands are the scientific conception that most correctly reflects the fundamental requirements of the law that guides the development of revolution in the era of independence.

Due to the exposition of the fundamental stand and methods that have to be maintained in the revolution and construction, on the basis of the philosophical principles of the Juche idea, by the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung genius of revolution and a great thinker and theoretician, the working masses of each country have come to have a powerful ideological and theoretical leverage with which to successfully solve all problems through their own efforts in line with their interests and the specific conditions of their country. This is an historic contribution to the development of the revolutionary theory of the working class and the progressive idea of mankind.

Yun Jong Ok

We Resolutely Denounce Pak Jung Hi Clique's Filthy Flunkeyist-Treacherous Act

CPRF Issues Statement

Castigating Bribery Practices of the South Korean Puppet Clique

The Committee for the Peaceful Reunification of the Fatherland issued on November 14 a statement exposing and denouncing the bribery practised by the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique vis-a-vis the US imperialists, their masters.

Recalling that the representative of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification at a news conference on November 11 roundly exposed and denounced the offer of bribes to the US imperialists, the masters, by the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, the statement says:

The large-scale bribery operation of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique brought to light this time is a treachery to the nation, in which they misappropriated "treasury" funds raised by robbery against the south Korean people and squandered them in bribing the masters, and an unpardonable traitorous act of fawning upon the American masters while throwing into jail south Korean patriotic people and democrats who demand the right to existence, democracy and the peaceful reunification of the country.

This is a death-bed symptom of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique who, finding themselves in a fatal crisis, utterly isolated from the people at home and abroad, are kicking and screaming to prolong their remaining days by such dastardly act as crawling on all fours before their masters; this unmasks them as a pack of despicable traitors who stoop to any infamy for their personal ease, wealth and glory.

In their regular offering of bribes to the US imperialists, their masters, the Pak Jung Hi traitor clique sought to solicit the permanent occupation of south Korea by the US imperialist aggression forces, beg for more military and economic "aid", increase colonial dependence and realise their wild ambition of long-term office and perpetuate the division of the country.

The Pak Jung Hi puppet clique's nation-splitting and war manoeuvres, "anti-communist" fascist policy and violation of human rights have been an object of caustic criticism and denunciation by the south Korean people and the world's progressive people.

Dismayed at the pressure at home and abroad, the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique resorted to the base scheme to prolong their dirty days by further intensifying the fascist repression of the people internally and winning the favour of the masters externally even by offering bribes, says the statement.

The international bribery scandal of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, it points out, has entailed serious consequences. It has led to heavier tax levies upon and harsher plunder of the south Korean people, added to the tendency of "the rich becoming richer and the poor poorer" and let the puppets intensify fascism against the people, foster split and delay reunification with the backing of outside forces.

At this moment when their criminal acts have been glaringly exposed to the world, the south Korean puppet clique resort to strict news blackout and other last-ditch efforts to keep the south Korean people in the dark as to this.

The south Korean people who are fighting for freedom, democracy and the peaceful reunification of the country will wage a courageous struggle and bring a sledge hammer down on the head of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, the human scum, who violate the dignity and honour of the nation.

The Pak Jung Hi traitor clique must stop the criminal treacheries against the country and the nation and step down from power forthwith, as the south Korean people demand.

In bribery, the giver and the taker are criminals alike.

The US authorities must no longer do such act as taking bribes from the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique and encouraging them to fascism and war, treachery and splitting moves.

And they must withdraw their imperialist aggression forces from south Korea without delay in compliance with the demand of the people at home and abroad and the resolution of the UN General Assembly.

Similar statements were issued on November 16 by the Central Standing Committee of Chongryon (General Association of Korean Residents in Japan) and the Central Committee of the Korean Journalists Union.

Filthy Bribery Scandals of South Korean Puppets Prolonging Their Days with the Help of US Imperialists, Their Masters

Bribery scandals of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique which eclipse even the "Lockheed payoff scandal" and the "Watergate scandal" in foulness and ignobility have stripped stark naked under the eyes of the world the puppets rotten to the core who cannot keep themselves alive for a day without serving the masters.

As already exposed by countless cases of irregularities and swindles such as the "four big scandals" and "exorbitant profits in three kinds of flour", the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique are despicable human rubbish who do not shrink from committing any infamy, if it is for their personal wealth and glory.

They have clamped a strict news blackout on their scandals and even clip articles dealing with them from the imported US and Japanese newspapers in their frantic attempt to keep the south Korean people in the dark.

"Chongwadae", Den of Traitors, Is the General Command of the Bribing Operation and Its General Commander Is Traitor Pak Jung Hi, the Chieftain of Puppets"

Towards the end of December 1969, such gangsters as the then "head of the security force of Chongwadae" Pak Jong Gyu, the then "director of the south Korean Central Intelligence Agency" (KCIA) Li Hu Rak and the then "Chongwadae special assistant for control of irregularities" Hong Jong Chol were closeted with traitor Pak Jung Hi in a back chamber of "Chongwadae".

Earlier than this closed-door parley, traitor Pak Jung Hi, an old hand at bribing the masters, had sent out his top-class dogs Paek Du Jin and Pak Jong Gyu to Nixon and Kissinger, his masters in Washington, with packages of bribes specially prepared at the cost of a large sum of money.

Offering the parcels of bribes to the masters, those two top-class running dogs piteously entreated them for US support to the puppet regime tottering in a crisis.

Nixon and Kissinger, swindlers who took bribes, committed themselves to protect the puppets at their dying hour and suggested that they ought to "operate" on some critical US Congressmen.

A general plan of the scandalous bribery operation was worked out by traitor Pak Jung Hi at "Chongwadae" closed-door confab, in which he set five-point "strategic goal".

The main points of the "strategy" were: Guarantee of traitor Pak Jung Hi's permanent stay in power, prevention of cut or withdrawal of the US imperialist aggression forces occupying south Korea, increase of military and economic "aid" to south Korea, fostering pro-"ROK" forces in the United States, and blocking the approach of the United States to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

At the secret parley, traitor Pak Jung Hi brought forward an outline of the bribing operation, which gave details of the targets of bribing, types of bribery, methods of bribe-giving, stages of the pay-off operation, the sources of bribing funds, and the channels of bribing activities.

After setting up a many-faceted system for the bribing operation, Pak Jung Hi the villain, a peerless master of bamboozlement, knocked into shape to begin with the staff for the operation which now comprises the daughter of this traitor and his son-in-law Han Byong Gi, south Korean puppet alternate observer in the United Nations, Cha Ji Chol, "head of the security force of Chongwadae", and Ham Byong Chun, puppet ambassador to the United States.

Han Byong Gi is in charge of the general command and supervision of the field operation in the United States.

Traitor Pak Jung Hi appointed the branch of the puppet KCIA, the plot-breeding and homicidal body, in the United States to be an action party of the bribing operation. Also designated by him as action corps are the "unification church", an "anti-communist" religious organization belonging to the puppet KCIA, and the "freedom leaders foundation" and "south Korean cultural and freedom foundation", the tools of this "anti-communist" organization.

Traitor Pak Jung Hi annually defrays 300,000 million *won* for the upkeep and secret service funds of the puppet KCIA out of the money siphoned from the people. The secret operation funds of the puppet KCIA hold a big share in the sources of the bribing operation funds. Besides, traitor Pak Jung Hi dispenses to this filthy bribing operation 5 million dollars annually extracted in commissions from the import of US surplus grain and the political funds supplied by the US monopolies in south Korea in return for the privileges of extraterritorial rights granted them. Traitor Pak Jung Hi even finances bribery out of the money squeezed from compatriots in the United States by appeasement and deception, threat and blackmail through such religious organizations as the "unification church" and "charity organizations".

The secret of the general command of the bribing operation by traitor Pak Jung Hi has been irrefutably evidenced by the wiretaps surrounding "Chongwadae" and tape records of telephone communications between "Chongwadae" and the puppet embassy in Washington which were gathered by the US intelligence organs whose main job is to watch the movements of the puppets.

This being the situation, even the US State Department had to admit that "there is no room for doubt as to Pak Jung Hi's involvement in these cases".

Dirty Bribing Operation of the Villains in the United States

According to preliminary data so far revealed, the American politicians made targets of bribing by the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique in the recent years involve 90 US Congressmen, among them incumbent President Ford, ex-President Nixon, the ill-famed present State Secretary Kissinger, and other high-ranking officials of the US Administration, and Carl Albert, Speaker of the US House of Representatives.

The puppet embassy in Washington is the field headquarters in the United States commanding the filthy bribing operation.

This is clear from the materials exposed by Li Jae Hyon, former "information chief" at the south Korean puppet embassy in Washington. The field operatives of traitor Pak Jung Hi's bribing operation are the puppet ambassador to the United States, puppet KCIA agent Pak Dong Son active in the United States under the mask of businessman, and Kim Yong Hwan and Kim Song Gun, the top-class agents of the puppet KCIA branch in the United States engaged in clandestine activities in the US under the disguise of diplomat.

When Nixon was canvassing for presidential reelection, the south Korean puppet clique made a 500,000 dollar payment to him to win his favour and, when Ford replaced him, they were quick enough to put 5 million dollars in the hand of his wife through Pak Dong Son. When Ford went to his private resort in the Rocky Mountain with his family after he took over, traitor Pak Jung Hi presented him through Han Byong Gi gold and silver handiworks and to his wife jewelry worth 100,000 dollars. When Kissinger showed up in south Korea in 1974, the south Korean puppets slipped 1,200,000 dollars into his pocket.

It has been exposed by US newspapers that the south Korean puppet clique made payments of 20,000 dollars to Carl Albert, Speaker of the US House of Representatives, and 22,500 dollars to Richard Hanna, former member of the US House of Representatives. The wretches gave 100,000 dollars to Joseph Adabo, a member of the US House of Representatives, in reward for his role in the passage of the "foreign aid appropriations bill" including "aid" to south Korea at the US House Appropriations Committee, and begged him for continued patronage.

The bribing scandals of the puppets have also been brought to light by confessions of the US authorities and US politicians who took bribes.

The Pak Jung Hi traitor clique, a pack of the mangiest puppets, make it a main point of the bribing operation to offer women to the masters as playthings.

The Pak Jung Hi puppets provided Kissinger with south Korean women. They also offered south Korean women to US House Speaker Carl Albert under the disguise of "secretaries" and provided a south Korean woman named Pak Suk Rye to Legit, Member of the US House Armed Services Committee, for three years till early this year to seek his favour.

Another point of the puppets' bribing operation is the invitation of large packs of US Congressmen to free "kisaeng tourism".

The south Korean puppets play the burlesque of awarding something like "doctor's degree" to no small number of those masters invited to south Korea to make themselves a laughing stock of world public.

When millions of people are starving in south Korea, the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique frequently arrange big drinking parties to ingratiate themselves with the masters, squandering the money wrested from the people. One of the examples is the birthday party hosted by Pak Dong Son with pomp and splendor in December 1973 for O'Neill who was expected to be the next US House Speaker. Even Ford, the then Vice-President, was a guest at it.

These drinking bouts for enlisting "pro-south Korean" forces in the United States often included grand parties with 3,000 guests.

The filthy bribery scandals of traitor Pak Jung Hi unveiled thus far have just lifted a corner of the curtain to reveal a part of the whole picture.

Puppets' Crimes for Covering Up the Shady Background of the Scandals, Patronage of Stooges by the Masters

With all these records of vices behind him, traitor Pak Jung Hi is brazen enough to go under the mask of "cleanness". And he commits shocking brutalities without compunction.

After offering a woman to Kissinger during his south Korean junket, the Pak Jung Hi thugs murdered her to conceal the traces of their dirty "kisaeng diplomacy". And they claimed that she committed suicide.

Such atrocities were committed on the American scene, too. When a rumour of the payoff of 5 million dollars to US President Ford's wife got around in the American public circles, the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique slew the husband of her secretary who had acted the go-between. This incident was announced as a "suicide case" by the masters who protect and foster the puppets' vices.

Even the confidential vassals were not safe from such atrocities of the Pak Jung Hi blackguards. The death of Kim Song Gon, "chairman of the financial committee" of the south Korean "Democratic Republican Party", is one of the cases.

Kim Song Gon was in a position to be thoroughly informed of the whole course of the scandals of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique ranging from the "Lockheed scandal" to the payoffs to Ford and Kissinger. If he divulged the secret, the nasty crimes of the puppets would be laid open to the public. And he began grumbling at the Pak Jung Hi gang around the "October 2 disturbance over disobedience to orders". This seriously alarmed traitor Pak Jung Hi. In May 1975 this traitor murdered Kim Song Gon to conceal the inside story of the scandals of his clique.

Among those put to death by gangster Pak Jung Hi for covering up the shady background of his scandals is Hong Jong Chol, "Chongwadae special assistant for control of irregularities" who was the custodian of his property.

All the facts so far exposed prove that the US imperialists, the masters, are the protector and fosterer of all the scandals of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique.

Suffice it to recall the article published in joint name by the "well-known" US news commentators Jack Anderson and Les Waren in "Washington Post" October 26, in which they exposed that the US CIA not only gives financial aid to the puppet KCIA, but also provides it with such conveniences as overlooking its wrong-doings in the United States.

Under the pressure of public opinion, the US authorities once spread rumours about "investigation" into the scandalous activities of the south Korean puppets and "expulsion" of puppet KCIA agents from the United States. But this fuss only ended in letting special agent Pak Dong Son, one of the players of the leading parf in the bribing operation, slip out of the US.

A US State Department spokesman at a regular press conference November 10 openly protected the scandals of the puppets, by declaring that the United States would maintain close friendly ties with the south Korean puppets, independently of the payoffs to US Congressmen by the latter.

This patronage of the masters emboldened Pak Dong Son, who had admitted his payoffs to US Congressmen before "investigators" of the FBI, to send a "letter" jointly with the puppet embassy in Washington on November 12 to US Secretary of Justice, declaring that he "will not cooperate in any investigation in future".

But, it is the height of folly for the puppets to make shameless attempts to conceal the ugly inside of their scandals under the wings of the masters. Neither the masters nor the puppets can ever conceal the shady inside of the scandals. The Pak Jung Hi puppet clique will face a stern judgement by history for the heinous treason they have committed for many years.

World Press Circle Denounces Pak Jung Hi Puppet Clique's International Bribery Scandal

The Pak Jung Hi puppet clique's international bribery scandal for their master, US imperialists, is causing a great stir among broad public and press circles of the world today.

The world press circle is of the unanimous view that the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, finding themselves in a more hopeless abyss of ruin, committed such criminal acts with a sinister design to prolong their remaining days at any cost by winning the favour of their overlord, US imperialists.

A TASS report said that "south Korean agents bribed among others members of most important committees and sub-committees of the US Congress to keep inducing funds for the maintenance of the dictatorial regime".

"During the election campaign south Korean businessmen and members of the south Korean puppet embassy in the United States bribed US Administration high-ranking candidates", it added.

The Bulgarian paper "Rabotnichesko Delo" said:

"Over 90 US Congressmen took bribes from Pak Jung Hi.

"Gangster Pak Jung Hi sent Pak Dong Son, his agent, to Washington and ordered him to offer wrist watches and a large amount of money to US President, Vice-President, US Administration officials and judges.

"This bribery of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique is aimed at getting protection of the US imperialists for escaping their doom.

"This is also designed to get more US aid by bribing US Congressmen and politicians and further strengthen the terrorist and fascist rule."

The Syrian Radio said:

"Ford, Kissinger and all other bigwigs of the US imperialists took bribes from the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique.

"The Pak Jung Hi puppet clique going against the times are resorting to all sorts of despicable and improper practices to prolong even a day longer their rule facing an imminent collapse by winning the favour of the bosses of the US imperialists and getting their support."

"The New York Times" said: The Pak Jung Hi puppet clique's bribery scandal "saliently reveals the political corruption and irregularities of the south Korean authorities for winning the favour of US Congressmen and the irrefutable corruption of US politicians". The Pak Jung Hi puppet clique's offer of a large amount of bribes to the US imperialists, their master, is intended to "seek strong guarantee and support" of the US imperialists "for the south Korean security, standing thoroughly isolated internationally" after Viet Nam, Laos and Cambodia.

"The Washington Post" said that traitor Pak Jung Hi "personally planned" this bribing operation with the design to "create a favourable legislative climate for the south Korean regime in the United States".

Even the US State Department authorities "cast no doubt about Pak Jung Hi's direct involvement in this bribery", the paper added.

The broad world press circle is unanimous in stressing that the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique are trying hard to prolong their dirty remaining days even a bit through this bribe operation, but this only leads them to a bottomless abyss of ruin and arouses a strong protest and condemnation of the world's people.

"The Washington Post" wrote: "How can the American people support the south Korean regime which not only oppresses the south Korean people but also tries to bribe even US Administration authorities?

"Intolerable is the pollution of the international political climate by the south Korean authorities' bribery scandal."

The Japanese paper "Mainichi Shimbun" said: Patrons of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, "US Administration authorities and Congressmen are deeply apprehensive of the evil consequences the recent exposure of the scandal may have on the US-south Korea relations. Pak Jung Hi's bribery will seriously affect the US-south Korea relations and there is the possibility that this aftereffect may extend as far as the Japan-US relations."

"The anti-Pak Jung Hi sentiments are on a steady rise among the American people and US papers are reflecting this through strong criticism", the paper added.

AFP reported that the exposure of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique's bribery "would bring a serious consequence to the US foreign policy."

The Japanese paper "Asahi Shimbun" said that "it is difficult to prevent the sensation of the bribery scandal from spreading all over the world."

The Syrian weekly "Al Shakhafa dul Usoubuuaiye" sharply denounced the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique's bribery scandal. It said:

"The fascist junta's bribery scandal not only arouses the indignation and derision of the south Korean people and the world's people but also precipitates their own doom."

The south Korean puppets will never save their fascist rule through bribery.

They must step down from power without delay.

Korea must be reunified under the banner of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea in accordance with the desire of the Korean people.

The bosses of the US imperialists must stop getting bribes and encouraging the south Korean puppet clique forsaken by the people and take their dirty hands off Korea at once.

KDLA Issues Statement

Denouncing Chilean Military Fascist Clique

The Korean Democratic Lawyers Association issued on November 13 a statement bitterly denouncing the Chilean military fascist clique's ever intensifying fascist suppression of the people and patriots who are fighting for democratic freedom and rights and the genuine independence of the country. The statement says:

The Pinochet military fascist clique who overthrew the legitimate government of national unity of the Chilean people and wrested state power by brigandish means in September 1973 with the encouragement of the US imperialists have turned the whole land of Chile literally into a military prison and a hell of tyranny under the sway of bayonets by taking up all kinds of fascist evil laws including the "law of ban on mass movement" and a great many horrifying repressive tools against the people such as the "state intelligence agency" and have arrested, imprisoned and murdered numerous patriotic people.

According to foreign press reports, beginning with this year, the Pinochet clique arrested and imprisoned Carlov Rosca, former Member of the House of Representatives and General Secretary of the Federation of the Socialist Youth of Chile, and two other high-ranking leaders of the Socialist Party, and carried them away no one knows where, and they arrest and imprison a large number of Chilean patriots and even their families, relatives and friends and murder them in cold blood.

The Korean Democratic Lawyers Association pungently denounces the frantic repression of people by the Chilean military fascist clique, regarding it as a high-handed violation of the principles of international law and human rights and a malicious challenge to the world's lawyers and people who value justice and democracy.

The statement points out that the savage repression of people in Chile is the desperate rampage of the US imperialists to strangulate the just struggle of the Chilean people and maintain their colonial domination crumbling in Chile and Latin America and it is also a desperate attempt of Chilean reactionaries to prop up their reactionary and anti-popular rule with the backing of the former.

It continues:

A stern judgement by history and people is certain to be passed on the Chilean military fascist clique who, like the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, the human-butcher, fascist gang and most faithful lackey of the US imperialists, are trampling upon the democratic freedom of the people and suppress the patriots and murder them right and left.

We strongly demand that the Chilean military fascist clique repeal all the fascist evil laws, stop their barbarous suppression of the innocent people and immediately release all the patriots and people under arrest.

We call upon the world's progressive lawyers and people who value freedom and democracy to launch a powerful international solidarity movement to deal a counter blow to the reckless acts of the Chilean military fascist clique, search for the traces of the Chilean patriots and people arrested by them and save the lives of those victims.

If the Chilean military fascist clique persist in their brutal suppression of people, defying the unanimous protest and denunciation by the world's progressive people, they will only hasten their own destruction.

With the Uplifted Banner of Independence, Self-Support and Self-Reliance

Nine years have passed since the resourceful and brave people of Democratic Yemen put an end to the colonial rule through their protracted, bloody armed struggle against the British imperialists and gained national independence on November 30, 1967.

The independence of Democratic Yemen was an epochal event, since it enabled the people of that country who had groaned under cursed imperialist colonial rule, to become the full-fledged masters of the country and opened up a broad avenue for the creation of a new life.

Ever since, particularly since the rectification measure in June 1969, the people of Democratic Yemen, under the correct leadership of the Presidential Council with Comrade Salem Rubaya Ali as the Chairman and the Political Organization of the National Front, successfully carried on the struggle to foil the incessant subversive machinations of the imperialists and their lackeys, defend the revolutionary gains, eliminate the old colonial ruling machines and establish a progressive social system.

While devoting a great deal of attention to strengthening national unity and advancing towards the road leading to socialism, they carried into effect various progressive reforms and revolutionary measures, with the result that great progress has been made in the social, economic and cultural fields.

In the meantime, factories, enterprises, banks and companies owned by the foreign imperialist monopolies and domestic reactionary forces have been nationalized and new factories and enterprises built in large numbers. The state guidance over the industry and the work of planning have been further strengthened and production is being normalized on a high level.

The government, while consolidating the people's power, is forcefully organizing and mobilizing the masses of the people for the carrying out of the national democratic revolution.

In Democratic Yemen the three-year plan for economic development was successfully fulfilled and the struggle to carry out the Five-Year Plan is now being unfolded vigorously.

Indeed, the past nine years traversed by the people of Democratic Yemen are characterized by the sacred struggle to consolidate the country's political independence and build a rich and powerful sovereign and independent state under the banner of independence, self-support and self-reliance.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has said:

"The Korean people sincerely rejoice over all the successes attained by the people of Democratic Yemen on the road to socialist development."

The Korean people value the friendly and cooperative relations with the people of Democratic Yemen formed in the struggle against imperialism and for independence and are delighted at their successes as their own.

Two years ago Comrade Chairman Salem Rubaya Ali visited our country at the invitation of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and left a good impression. The Korean people still remember this. They feel very proud of having the Democratic Yemeni people as their comrades-in-arms and their brothers.

Our people sincerely wish the fraternal Democratic Yemeni people fresh successes in the future struggle for the country's prosperity and development.

Chin Bang Hun

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